

EQC - Lösungen 3

Aufgabe1:

$$|xy\rangle = \alpha_x \alpha_y |00\rangle + \alpha_x \beta_y |01\rangle + \beta_x \alpha_y |10\rangle + \beta_x \beta_y |11\rangle$$

$$C(|xy\rangle) = 2 \cdot |(\alpha_x \alpha_y \cdot \beta_x \beta_y) - (\alpha_x \beta_y \cdot \beta_x \alpha_y)|$$

$$|x\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C(|x\rangle) = 2 \cdot \left| \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 0 \right) - \left(0 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right| = 0$$

$$|y\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C(|y\rangle) = 2 \cdot \left| \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - (0 \cdot 0) \right| = 1$$

Aufgabe 2:

$$I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$- \quad H \otimes I$$

$$H \otimes I = \begin{pmatrix} k & k \\ k & -k \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k & 0 & k & 0 \\ 0 & k & 0 & k \\ k & 0 & -k & 0 \\ 0 & k & 0 & -k \end{pmatrix}$$

$$- \quad I \otimes H$$

$$I \otimes H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} k & k \\ k & -k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k & k & 0 & 0 \\ k & -k & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & k & k \\ 0 & 0 & k & -k \end{pmatrix}$$

$$- \quad H \otimes H$$

$$H \otimes H = \begin{pmatrix} k & k \\ k & -k \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} k & k \\ k & -k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k^2 & k^2 & k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$- \quad I \otimes \sigma_x$$

$$I \otimes \sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$- \quad \sigma_x \otimes I$$

$$\sigma_x \otimes I = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$- \quad \sigma_x \otimes \sigma_x$$

$$\sigma_x \otimes \sigma_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Aufgabe 3:

Gegeben sei:

$$f: \{0,1\} \rightarrow \{0,1\}$$

- Wieviele Funktionen f gibt es?

x	0	1
f_1	0	0
f_2	0	1
f_3	1	0
f_4	1	1

- Gebe diese Funktionen an

$$f_1(x) = 0$$

$$f_2(x) = x$$

$$f_3(x) = \neg x$$

$$f_4(x) = 1$$

- Berechne für $U_f: |xy\rangle \rightarrow |x, y \oplus f(x)\rangle$:

$$U_f|00\rangle \quad U_f|01\rangle \quad U_f|10\rangle \quad U_f|11\rangle$$

x/y	0	1
$f_1(x)$	0	0
0	0	1
1	0	1

x/y	0	1
$f_2(x)$	0	1
0	0	1
1	1	0

x/y	0	1
$f_3(x)$	1	0
0	1	0
1	0	1

x/y	0	1
$f_4(x)$	1	1
0	1	1
1	0	0

- Gebe die Transformationsmatrizen der einzelnen Abbildungen an

$f_1(x) = 0$:

$$U_{f_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_1} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_1} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_1} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{f_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$f_2(x) = x$:

$$U_{f_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{f_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$f_3(x) = \neg x$:

$$U_{f_3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{f_3} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$f_4(x) = 1$:

$$U_{f_4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_4} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_4} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_4} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{f_4} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Zeige dass diese Matrizen unitär sind

$$U_{f_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_1}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_1} \cdot U_{f_1}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{f_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_2}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_2} \cdot U_{f_2}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{f_3} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_3}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_3} \cdot U_{f_3}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{f_4} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_4}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad U_{f_4} \cdot U_{f_4}^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Aufgabe 4:

$$k = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} k^2 & k^2 & k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$CNOT = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = A \cdot CNOT \cdot A:$$

$$B = A \cdot CNOT = \begin{pmatrix} k^2 & k^2 & k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} k^2 & k^2 & k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = B \cdot A = \begin{pmatrix} k^2 & k^2 & k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} k^2 & k^2 & k^2 & k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 \\ k^2 & -k^2 & -k^2 & k^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$l = k^4 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 4l & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4l \\ 0 & 0 & 4l & 0 \\ 0 & 4l & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|x\rangle = |0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = |01\rangle$$

$$|y\rangle = Q|x\rangle :$$

$$|y\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = |11\rangle$$